

Executive summary

We have now completed an Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA) of Wainuiomata Library at Queen Street, Wainuiomata using the Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP). The assessment was carried out after completing a site visit and an inspection of the building consent documentation.

Wainuiomata Library was designed and built circa 1983. This library is a single-storey timberframed building with Pryda-speedbrace wall bracing panels. The building is currently used as a library and office space. This building has been subject to an Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA).

The building was found to have a potential compliance rating of 100% (IL2) of a new building built to current standards (NBS).

As the potential performance of the building is greater than 33% NBS this building should not be considered as potentially Earthquake Prone.

The ISA is considered to provide a relatively quick, high-level and qualitative measure of the building's performance. A more reliable result will be obtained from a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA). A DSA could find Critical Structural Weaknesses (CSWs) not identified from the IEP, or it could find potential CSWs have been addressed in the design of the building. However the building is a single-level structure with lightweight construction and in good details, a DSA is identified as a low priority for this building.

This report is subject to, and must be read in conjunction with, the limitations set out in section 1.4 and the assumptions and qualifications contained throughout the Report.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this report

This assessment has been carried out at the request of the building owner, Hutt City Council, as part of their program of seismic assessments of community facilities.

1.2 Assessment Methodology

The IEP procedure was developed in 2006 by the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) and updated in 2013 to reflect experience with its application and as a result of experience in the Canterbury earthquakes. It is a tool to assign a percentage of New Building Standard (%NBS) score and associated grade to a building as part of an initial seismic assessment of existing buildings.

The IEP enables territorial authorities, building owners and managers to review their building stock as part of an overall risk management process.

Characteristics and limitations of the IEP include:

- An IEP assessment is primarily concerned with life safety. It does not consider the susceptibility of the building to damage, and therefore to economic losses.
- It tends to be somewhat conservative, identifying some buildings as earthquake prone, or having a lower %NBS score, which subsequent detailed investigation may indicate is less than actual performance. However, there will be exceptions, particularly when potential critical structural weaknesses (CSWs) are present that have not been recognised from the level of investigation employed.
- An IEP can be undertaken with variable levels of available information: e.g. exterior only
 inspection, structural drawings available or not, interior inspection, etc. The more
 information available, the more representative the IEP result is likely to be. The IEP
 records the information that has formed the basis of the assessment and consideration
 of this is important when determining the likely reliability of the result.
- It is an initial, first-stage review. Buildings or specific issues which the IEP process flags
 as being problematic or as potentially critical structural weaknesses need further
 detailed investigation and evaluation. A Detailed Seismic Assessment is recommended
 if the seismic status of a building is critical to any decision making.
- The IEP assumes that buildings have been designed and built in accordance with the
 building standard and good practice current at the time. In some instances, a building
 may include design features ahead of its time, leading to better than predicted
 performance. Conversely, some unidentified design or construction issues not picked
 up by the IEP process may result in the building performing not as well as predicted.
- It is a largely qualitative process, and should be undertaken or overseen by an
 experienced engineer. It involves considerable knowledge of the earthquake behaviour
 of buildings, and judgement as to key attributes and their effect on building
 performance. Consequently, it is possible that the %NBS derived for a building by
 independent experienced engineers may differ.
- An IEP may over-penalise some apparently critical features which could have been satisfactorily taken into account in the design.

An IEP does not take into account the seismic performance of non-structural items such
as ceilings, plant, services or general glazing that are not considered to present a
significant life safety hazard.

Experience to date is that the IEP is a useful tool to identify potential issues and expected overall performance of a building in an earthquake. However, the process and the associated %NBS and grade should be considered as only indicative of the building's compliance with current code requirements. A detailed investigation and analysis of the building will typically be required to provide a definitive assessment.

An IEP score above 34%NBS should be considered sufficient to classify the building as not potentially earthquake prone. However, if further information comes available reassessment may be required.

Council Policies and Earthquake Prone Buildings (EPB)

The Building Act and its provisions for Earthquake Prone Buildings have been revised in April 2016 and enacted in July 2107. Some of the changes include nationalizing the policies to reduce regional variation and to create a distinction between different building types. The current time frame for assessment of building in the HCC area is 5 years based on the new legislation came into force on 1 July 2017.

1.3 Scope and limitations

This report: has been prepared by for Hutt City Council and may only be used and relied on by Hutt City Council for the purpose agreed between and the Hutt City Council as set out in section 1 of this report.
otherwise disclaims responsibility to any person other than Hutt City Council arising in connection with this report.
The services undertaken by in connection with preparing this report were limited to those specifically detailed in the report and are subject to the scope limitations set out in the report.
The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on conditions encountered and information reviewed at the date of preparation of the report. has no responsibility or obligation to update this report to account for events or changes occurring subsequent to the date that the report was prepared.
The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on assumptions made by described in this report. disclaims liability arising from any of the assumptions being incorrect.
has prepared this report on the basis of information provided by Hutt City Council and others who provided information to (including Government authorities)], which has not independently verified or checked beyond the agreed scope of work. does not accept liability in connection with such unverified information, including errors and omissions in the report which were caused by errors or omissions in that information.
The opinions, conclusions and any recommendations in this report are based on information obtained from, and testing undertaken at or in connection with, specific sample points. Site conditions at other parts of the site may be different from the site conditions found at the specific sample points.
Investigations undertaken in respect of this report are constrained by the particular site conditions, such as the location of buildings, services and vegetation. As a result, not all relevant site features and conditions may have been identified in this report.
Site conditions (including the presence of hazardous substances and/or site contamination) may change after the date of this Report. does not accept responsibility arising from, or in connection with, any change to the site conditions. It is also not responsible for updating this report if the site conditions change.

2. Building History

2.1 Reference Documents

At your request, we have inspected the plans and available building consent records for this building, visited the site, and carried out an assessment for the earthquake risk aspects.

The information we have used for our IEP assessment includes:

- Structural drawings
- Exterior & interior inspection
- GNS Wellington Region Site Subsoil Maps

The building on the site is as identified below:

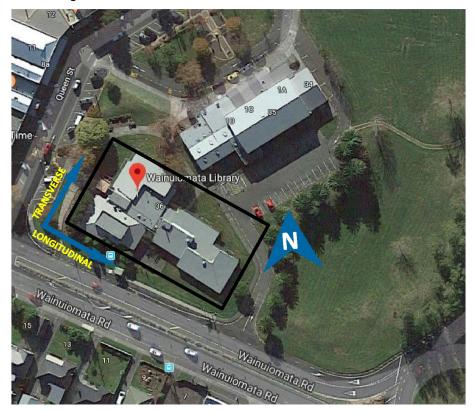


Figure 1 Building location

2.2 Structural System

Wainuiomata Library is a single-storey timber-framed building, which was designed and constructed circa 1983. Alterations to the internal layout of the building were carried out in 1995 and 2015. The 1995 alteration consists of constructing a ramp to improve the accessibility to the building, and removal of a number of timber walls (these were replaced with steel lintels and SHS columns). A small lobby was also added to the North-East side of the building in 2015.

The building is of timber-framed construction with bracing wall panels in both the transverse and longitudinal directions. The external wall cladding is a combination of fibre-cement sheet cladding and brick veneer. The roof is of lightweight timber truss construction with steel strap bracing (Pryda-speedbrace). The building foundation is comprised of a slab on grade.

When the structure is subjected to seismic action, the inertial loads from the roof and walls are transferred through the timber shear walls down to the foundation. The in-plane shear walls resist these loads through bending and yielding of the nail fixings around the perimeter of the wall. The locations of shear walls (parallel to the direction of seismic action) are shown in Figure 2 and 3 below.

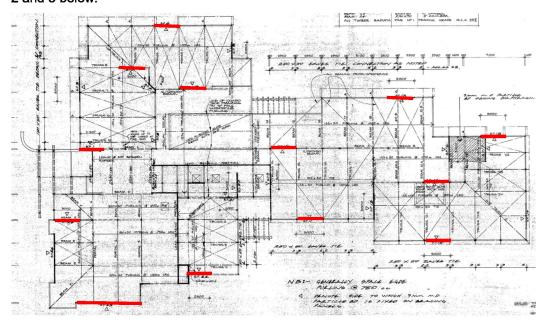


Figure 2 Location of the timber shear walls in the longitudinal direction

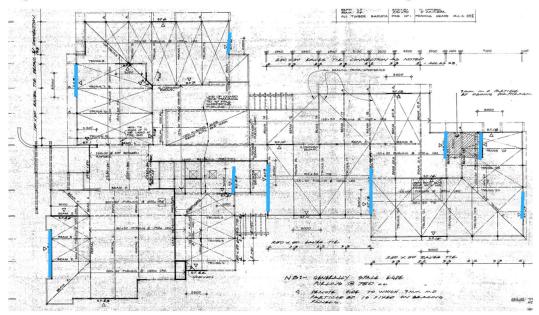


Figure 3 Location of the timber shear walls in the transverse direction

Three Steel portal frames are located in the council chamber in the South-West corner of the building to provide resistance in the transverse direction. Refer to Figure 4 for the location of the portal frames.

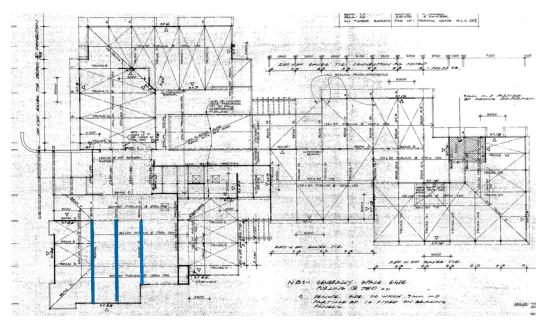


Figure 4 Location of steel portal frames

Generally the interior of the Wainuiomata Library appeared to be in good condition. There were only cosmetic cracks observed at the plasterboard sheet joints in the wall lining.

This system is summarised further in Appendix 1 – structural system

2.3 Vulnerabilities

2.3.1 Plan Irregularity

The regularity of a building shape affects the way that a building can response to lateral loading. As shown in Figure 1, the building is asymmetric in plan, and it is approximately a T-shape building. However, according to NZSEE Guideline, the effect from plan irregularity on timber-framed building can be assumed to be insignificant.

2.3.2 Brick Veneer Wall Cladding

The brick veneer wall cladding appears to be in good condition, with no obvious signs of cracks or damage. It is recommended to carry out further investigation to confirm the types and locations of the brick ties if a DSA is required.

3. Assessment Calculations

3.1 Calculation Summary

The key assumptions made during our assessment are shown in Table 1 Refer also to the attached IEP assessment.

Table 1 - IEP Parameters and Assumptions

IEP Item	Assumption	Justification
Date of building Design	1983	The building was designed circa 1983. Alterations to the building interior were carried out in 1995 and 2015.
Subsoil Type	D	Based on GNS Wellington Region Site Subsoil Maps
Ductility of structure	2.0	Timber frame building
Plan irregularity factor, A	1.0 (Both dir.)	The building is asymmetric in plan, and it is approximately a T-shape building. However, refer to the technical guidelines of The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings, plan irregularity is assumed to be insignificant for timber-framed building.
Vertical irregularity factor, B	1.0 (Both dir.)	No irregularity as the building is a single-storey building.
Short columns factor, C	1.0 (Both dir.)	N/A
Pounding factor, D	1.0 (Both dir.)	Refer to IEP report for further details.
Site characteristic	Insignificant	GNS Wellington Region Liquefaction Map shows that moderate liquefaction risk for this site. However, the building is considered as resilient structure type for liquefaction event, as it is a single-storey building.
F factor	1.0 (Both dir.)	Based on our inspection and review of available documents, the building is a single-storey timber-framed building with sufficient lengths of shear walls evenly distributed throughout the floor plan in both directions. Steel strap roof bracing in the roof plane. There were no negative factors influencing the performance. The building has been well constructed, and has been maintained in good condition with no deterioration.

Our IEP assessment of this building indicates it can achieve potential score of 100%NBS in both the longitudinal and transverse directions. The IEP assessment of the building therefore indicates an overall score of 100%NBS, corresponding to a Grade A building as defined by the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering building grading scheme.

This is above the threshold for earthquake risk buildings (67%NBS) as recommended by the NZSEE. The key assumptions made during our assessment are shown in Table 1. Refer also to the attached IEP assessment.

3.2 IEP Grades and Relative Risk

Table 1 taken from the NZSEE Guidelines provides the basis of a proposed grading system for existing buildings, as one way of interpreting the %NBS building score. It can be seen that occupants in Earthquake Prone buildings (less than 34%NBS) are exposed to more than 10 times the risk that they would be in a similar new building. For buildings that are Earthquake

Risk (less than 67%NBS), but not Earthquake Prone, the risk is at least 5 times greater than that of an equivalent new building. Broad descriptions of the life-safety risk can be assigned to the building grades as shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Relative Earthquake Risk

Building Grade	Percentage of New Building Standard (%NBS)	Approx. Risk Relative to a New Building	Life-safety Risk Description
A+	>100	<1	low risk
Α	80 to 100	1 to 2 times	low risk
В	67 to 79	2 to 5 times	low or medium risk
С	34 to 66	5 to 10 times	medium risk
D	20 to 33	10 to 25 times	high risk
E	<20	more than 25 times	very high risk

This building has been classified by the IEP as a **Grade A building** and is therefore considered to be a **low risk** structure.

The New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (which provides authoritative advice to the legislation makers, and should be considered to represent the consensus view of New Zealand structural engineers) classifies a buildings achieving greater than 67%NBS as "Low Risk", and having "Acceptable (improvement may be desirable)" building structural performance.

3.3 Seismic Restraint of Non-Structural Items

During an earthquake, the safety of people can be put at risk due to non-structural items falling on them. These items should be adequately seismically restrained, where possible, to the NZS 4219:2009 "The Seismic Performance of Engineering Systems in Buildings".

An assessment has not been made of the bracing of the ceilings, in-ceiling ducting, services and plant. We have also not checked whether tall or heavy furniture has been seismically restrained or not. These issues are outside the scope of this initial assessment but could be the subject of another investigation.

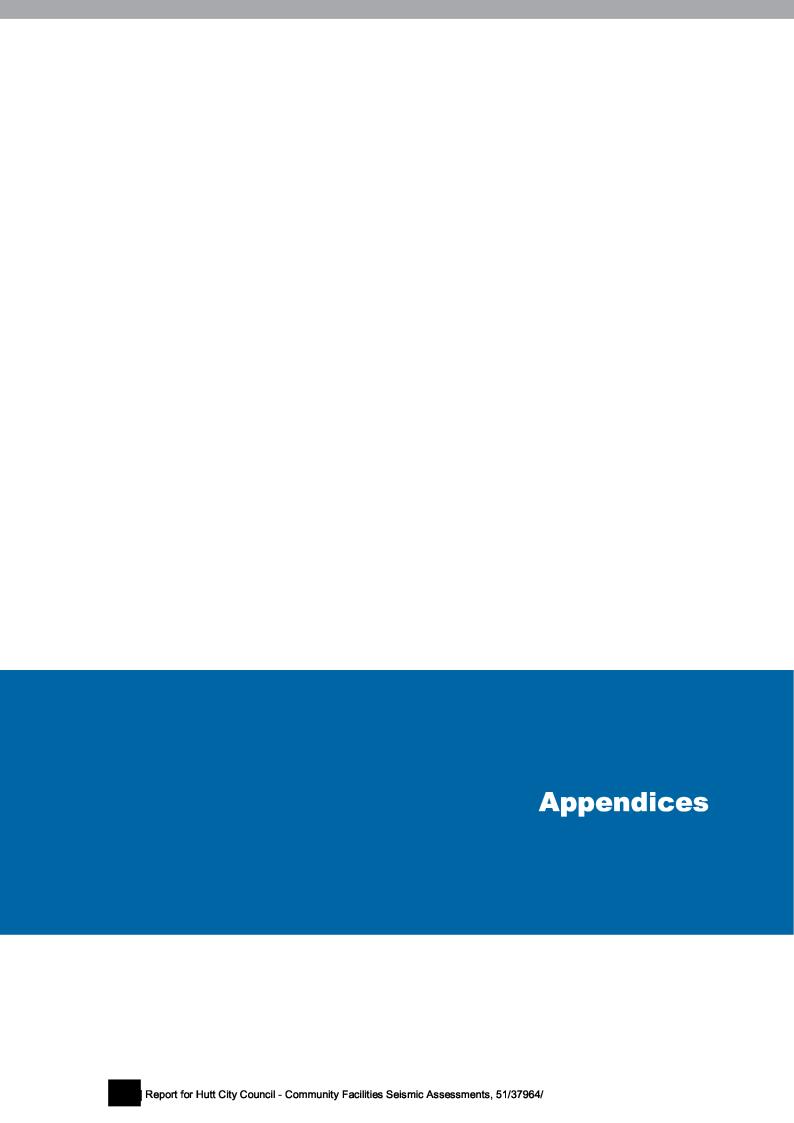
4. Recommendations

The completed assessment gives a %NBS of >33 % and therefore, the *building should not be classed as potentially earthquake prone*.

The ISA is considered to provide a relatively quick, high-level and qualitative measure of the building's performance. In order to confirm the seismic performance of this building with more reliability you may wish to request a DSA.

A DSA would also investigate other potential weaknesses that may not have been considered in the initial seismic assessment.

We trust this satisfies your requirements at this stage, however please contact the undersigned should you require any further information.



Appendix A – Structural System Summary

Table 3 - Assessment Information

2. Assessment Informa	tion
Consulting Practice	
CPEng Responsible, including:	
 Name CPEng number A statement of suitable skills and experience in the seismic assessment of existing buildings¹ 	
Documentation reviewed, including: • date/ version of drawings/ calculations ² • previous seismic assessments	 Original drawings dated 1983 Drawings of alteration work dated 1995 and 2003
Geotechnical Report(s)	Site subsoil type is based on GNS Wellington Region Site Subsoil Maps
Date(s) Building Inspected and extent of inspection	Date of initial seismic assessment inspection: 14/06/2018
Description of any structural testing undertaken and results summary	N/A
Previous Assessment Reports	N/A
Other Relevant Information	N/A

¹ This should include reference to the engineer's Practice Field being in Structural Engineering, and commentary on experience in seismic assessment and recent relevant training

² Or justification of assumptions if no drawings were able to be obtained

Table 4 - Structural System Summary for Wainuiomata Library

Number of Storeys	1 storey
Gross Floor Area (m²)	Approx. 970 m²
Year of Design (approximate)	1983, drawings available from September 1983.
Current use	Library
Importance Level (IL)	 IL2 The building is a public building but not a public assembly building. The building is not designated as post-disaster function
Structural Alterations	Building appears to be designed and built in 1983. Alterations to building interior were carried out in 1995 and 2015.
Basement	None
Gravity Load Resisting System	Lightweight timber roof supported by timber frame walls
Lateral Load Resisting System	The lateral loads from roof self-weight are transferred to in-plane walls in both transverse and longitudinal directions.
Wall/Cladding/Roof System	Three types of roof cladding include galvanized corrugated iron, dimondek 400 tray roofing, and Butynol lined plate. External wall cladding comprises brick veneer cladding and fibre-cement sheet cladding on timber framed walls.
Floor System	Slab on grade
Foundation System	Slab on grade
Geotechnical Considerations	Based on GNS Wellington Region Site Subsoil Maps the subsoil classification for the site is considered to be Class D in accordance with NZS1170.5:2004.

Appendix B Initial Evaluation Form

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for Hutt City Council

Page 1

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in the "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata	Job No.:	5137964
AKA:		By:	RC
Name of building:	Wainuiomata Library	Date:	21/06/2018
City:	Wainuiomata, Wellington	Revision No.:	1

Table IEP-1 Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 1

Step 1 - General Information

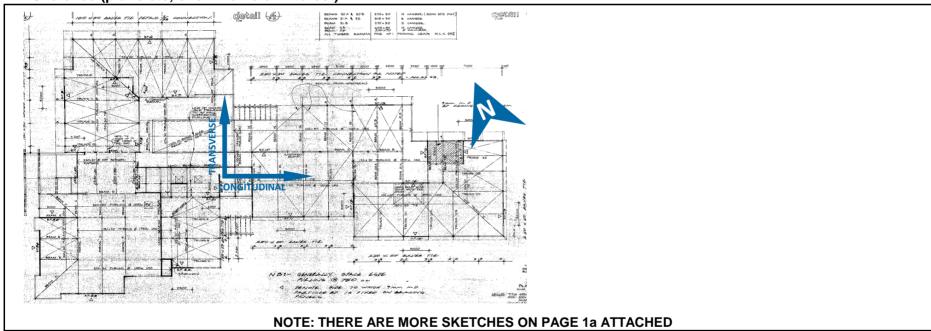
1.1 Photos (attach sufficient to describe building)



North-west view North-east view

NOTE: THERE ARE MORE PHOTOS ON PAGE 1a ATTACHED

1.2 Sketches (plans etc, show items of interest)



1.3 List relevant features (Note: only 10 lines of text will print in this box. If further text required use Page 1a)

The Wainuiomata library is a single-storey timber-framed building, which was designed and constructed circa 1983. The building foundation is comprised of a concrete slab-on-grade. The external wall cladding is a combination of fibre-cement sheet cladding and brick veneer.

Alterations to the internal layout of the building were carried out in 1995 and 2015. The 1995 alteration included the construction of the ramp to improve the accessibility to the building and the removal of a number of timber walls (these were replaced with lintels and SHS columns). The 2015 alteration included adding a small lobby to the north-east side of the library.

Structural features of the building are listed below:

- 1. Timber roof trusses (exposed, ie: no ceiling)
- 2. Pryda-speedbrace roof bracing (steel strap bracing)
- 3. 9mm particle board wall bracing panels in both the longitudinal and transverse directions
- 4. Steel portal frames in the transverse direction in the Council Chamber (South-West corner of the building).

1.4 Note	information	sources
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Tick as appropriate

Visual Inspection of Exterior Visual Inspection of Interior **Drawings (note type)**

\vee	
\overline{A}	

Specifications Geotechnical Reports Other (list)

√	

Drawings dated 1983; Alteration work drawings dated 1995 and 2003. Site subsoil type is based on GNS Wellington Region Site Subsoil Maps.

KA:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata	Job By:	No.: 5137964 RC
ame of building:	Wainuiomata Library	Date	e: 21/06/2018
ity:	Wainuiomata, Wellington		sion No.: 1
able IEP-2 Initial E	Evaluation Procedure Step 2		
tep 2 - Determination of	. , , ,		
aseline <i>(%NBS)</i> for particular b 1 Determine nominal <i>(%NE</i>	,	Longitudinal	<u>Transverse</u>
a) Building Strengthening Da	nta		
,	have been strengthened in this direction		
If strengthened, enter per	centage of code the building has been strengthened	d to N/A	N/A
h) Year of Design/Strengthen	ing, Building Type and Seismic Zone		
s, roal of boolginous inglinous	ing, Danaing Type and Colonic Lone	Pre 1935	Pre 1935
		1935-1965	1935-1965
		1965-1976	1965-1976
		1976-1984	1976-1984 💿
		1984-1992	1984-1992
		1992-2004	1992-2004
		2004-2011	2004-2011
		Post Aug 2011	Post Aug 2011
	Building Type	: Others	Others
	Seismic Zone:	Zone A 🔻	Zone A
c) Soil Type From NZS1170.5:2	2004, CI 3.1.3 :	D Soft Soil	D Soft Soil
From NZS4203:19 (for 1992 to 2004 a	•	Not applicable	Not applicable
d) Estimate Period, <i>T</i>	,	Постарриония	
Comment:		h _n = 4.5	4.5 m
		$A_c = 1.00$	1.00 m ²
Moment Resisting Concret		0	0
Moment Resisting Steel Fr		O	
Eccentrically Braced Steel All Other Frame Structures		0	
Concrete Shear Walls	$T = \max\{0.00 h_n^{-0.75} / A_c^{0.5}, 0.4\}$	43	
Masonry Shear Walls:	$T \leq 0.4 \sec$,,	
User Defined (input Period		(4) (0) (0) (1)	O ● O O
• •	h_n = height in metres from the base of the structure to the		
	ost seismic weight or mass.	T: 0.40	0.40
e) Factor A: Strengthening factif not strengthene	ctor determined using result from (a) above (set to 1.0 ed)	Factor A: 1.00	1.00
f) Factor B: Determined from results (a) to (e) a	NZSEE Guidelines Figure 3A.1 using above	Factor B: 0.20	0.20
g) Factor C: For reinforced co C = 1.2, otherwise	ncrete buildings designed between 1976-84 Factor e take as 1.0.	Factor C: 1.00	1.00
	igned prior to 1935 Factor D = 0.8 except for Wellington (-1935) where Factor D may be taken as 1.0, otherwise	Factor D: 1.00	1.00
(%NBS) _{nom} = AxBxCxD		(%NBS) _{nom} 20%	20%

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Street Number & Name:	Queens Stre	et, Wainuiomata	Job N	lo.: <u>5137964</u>	
NKA:			By:	RC	
lame of building:	Wainuiomata		Date:		
City:	Wainuiomata	a, Wellington	Revis	ion No.: 1	
able IEP-2 Initial Ev	aluation Proc	edure Step 2 cor	ntinued		
.2 Near Fault Scaling Factor, If $T \le 1.5$ sec, Factor E = 1	Factor E				
			<u>Longitudinal</u>	Transverse	
a) Near Fault Factor, N(T,D)			N(T,D): 1	1	
(from NZS1170.5:2004, Cl 3.1.6)		_ 1/N/T D)	Factor E: 1.00	1.00	
b) Factor E		= 1/N(T,D)	Factor E: 1.00	1.00	
.3 Hazard Scaling Factor, Fac a) Hazard Factor, <i>Z,</i> for site	ctor F				
Locatio	On: Wainuiomata	▼ Ref	er right for user-defined locations		
	Z = 0.4	(from NZS1170.5:2004,	Table 3.3)		
Z ₁₉			actor from accompanying Figure 3.5(b))		
Z ₂₀₀	0.4	(from NZS1170.5:2004,	Table 3.3)		
b) Factor F For pre 1992	=	1/ <i>Z</i>			
For 1992-2011	=	Z ₁₉₉₂ /Z			
For post 2011	=	Z_{2004}/Z			
			Factor F: 2.50	2.50	
 a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings des building set to 1.25. For buildings design building set to 1.33 for Zone A or 1.2 for b) Design Risk Factor, R_o (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or r c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Import d) Factor G 	ned 1965-1976 and known r Zone B. For 1976-1984 s not known) tance Level)	to be designed as a public	$I = \boxed{1}$ $I \text{ Item 1}$ $R_o = \boxed{1}$	1	▼
5 Ductility Scaling Factor, Fa a) Available Displacement Duct		Structure			
Comment:	-		$\mu = 2.00$	2.00	
Light-weight timber-framed s	tructure which was de	esigned in 1983.			
b) Factor H	For pre 1976 (m For 1976 onward	,	k_{μ} = 1.57 = 1 Factor H: 1.00	κ _μ 1.57 1	
				.100	
(where kμ is NZS1170.5:2004 Inelastic	Spectrum Scaling Factor	, from accompanying Table 3.3		i	
.6 Structural Performance Sc	caling Factor, Fact				
.6 Structural Performance So a) Structural Performance Facto (from accompanying Figure 3.4)	caling Factor, Factor, S _p	tor I	✓	ন	
.6 Structural Performance So a) Structural Performance Facto	caling Factor, Factor, S _p	tor I	S _p = 0.50	0.50	
.6 Structural Performance So a) Structural Performance Facto (from accompanying Figure 3.4) Tick if light timber-framed cons	caling Factor, Factor, S _p struction in this direct	tor I	S _p = 0.50	0.50	
.6 Structural Performance So a) Structural Performance Facto (from accompanying Figure 3.4) Tick if light timber-framed cons	caling Factor, Factor, S _p struction in this directing Factor	tor I tion $= 1/S_p$	$S_p = 0.50$ Factor I: 2.00		
a) Structural Performance So a) Structural Performance Factor (from accompanying Figure 3.4) Tick if light timber-framed cons b) Structural Performance Scali Note Factor B values for 1992 to 2004	caling Factor, Factor, S _p struction in this direction in the struction in the structure i	tor I tion $= 1/S_p$	$S_p = 0.50$ Factor I: 2.00	0.50	
2.6 Structural Performance Sc a) Structural Performance Factor (from accompanying Figure 3.4) Tick if light timber-framed cons	caling Factor, Factor, S _p struction in this directing Factor 4 have been multiplied by 0	tor I tion $= 1/S_p$	$S_p = 0.50$ Factor I: 2.00	0.50	

nitial Evaluation Proc	edure (IEP) Assessme	-				
Street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wain	nuiomata		Jo By	ob No.: v:	5137964 RC
ame of building:	Wainuiomata Library	y			ate:	21/06/2018
ity:	Wainuiomata, Wellin	igton		Re	evision No.:	1
able IEP-3 Initial E	Evaluation Procedure \$	Step 3				
tep 3 - Assessment of Pe Refer Appendix B - Section B3.2	erformance Achievement	Ratio (PAR)				
Longitudinal Direction						
potential CSWs		iffect on Struct Choose a value -				Facto
1 Plan Irregularity	,-	onoose a value	Do not into po	iatoj		
Effect on Structural Perforn Light-weight timber-framed	nance Severe building, the plan irregularity is a		ignificant s <mark>ignificant.</mark>		Insignificant	Factor A 1.0
2 Vertical Irregularity	conco O Sovero		ignificant		- Insignificant	Factor B
Effect on Structural Perforn Single storey building - no	<u> </u>	() s	ignificant		Insignificant	Factor B 1.0
3 Short Columns						<u></u>
Effect on Structural Perforn N/A	nance O Severe	⊖ S.	ignificant		Insignificant	Factor C 1.0
) Factor D1: - Pounding Effe	; Cl					
Note: Values given assume ti	he building has a frame structuing the coefficient to the right o	of the value appl	icable to frame	buildings.		
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Initial Evaluation Proc	edure (IEP) Assessment - Comple	eted for Hu	itt City Coui	ncil	Page 5
Street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata		Jo By	ob No.:	5137964 RC
Name of building:	Wainuiomata Library			y. ate:	21/06/2018
City:	Wainuiomata, Wellington			evision No.:	1
Table IEP-3 Initial E	Evaluation Procedure Step 3				
Step 3 - Assessment of Po (Refer Appendix B - Section B3.2	erformance Achievement Ratio (PAR)				
b) Transverse Direction					Factors
potential CSWs	Effect on Str (Choose a valu				Factors
3.1 Plan Irregularity					
Effect on Structural Performance Light-weight timber-framed	mance Severe d building, the plan irregularity is assumed to be in	Significant significant.		Insignificant	Factor A 1.0
3.2 Vertical Irregularity					
Effect on Structural Performance Single storey building, no	\sim	Significant		Insignificant	t Factor B 1.0
3.3 Short Columns					
Effect on Structural Perfor	mance Severe	Significant		Insignificant	Factor C 1.0
	ne building has a frame structure. For stiff buil ing the coefficient to the right of the value app	icable to frame	ransverse Dire		
	Alignment of Floors within 20% of Storey Height	O 1	O 1	① 1	
	innered of Floors and within 2007 of Starray Height	0.04	0.7	O 00	
Comment	ignment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Height	0.4	0.7	0.8	
b) Factor D2: - Height	t Difference Effect				_
			ransverse Dire		4
Table for Selection	of Factor D2	Severe	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Insignificant Sep>.01H</td><td></td></sep<.01h<>	Insignificant Sep>.01H	
	Height Difference > 4 Storeys	O 0.4	O 0.7	Ο 1	
	Height Difference 2 to 4 Storeys	0.7	0.9	O 1	
	Height Difference < 2 Storeys	O 1	<u>O</u> 1	<u>©</u> 1	J
Comment					Factor D 1.0
3.5 Site Characteristics - Si	tability, landslide threat, liquefaction etc as it affect	s the structural p	performance from	a life-safety persp	pective
	mance Severe Oquefaction Map shows that moderate liquefaction it is a single-storey building.	Significant risk for this site.	. The building is c	Insignificant onsidered as	Factor E 1.0
Record rationale for Single-storey light-weight to plan in both directions. Ste	choice of Factor F: timber-framed structure with sufficient lengths of sel strap roof bracing has been installed in the roof een well constructed, and has been maintained in	near walls evenl plane. There w	ly distributed thro ere no negative fa	imum value 1.5. ninimum. ughout the floor actors such as	Factor F 1.00
3.7 Performance Achievemo (equals A x B x C x D x	. ,			Т	ransverse 1.00
Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Eng	has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of ineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be rober purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations.	ead in conjunction	with the limitations s	et out in the accompa	anying report, and should

street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata	Job No.:	5137964
KA:		By:	RC
lame of building:	Wainuiomata Library	Date:	21/06/2018
Sity:	Wainuiomata, Wellington	Revision No.:	1
	valuation Procedure Steps 4, 5, 6 an	d 7	
		Longitudinal	Transverse
.1 Assessed Baseline %Na (from Table IEP - 1)	BS (%NBS) _b	100%	100%
.2 Performance Achievem (from Table IEP - 2)	ent Ratio (PAR)	1.00	1.00
.3 PAR x Baseline (%NBS)) _b	100%	100%
.4 Percentage New Building (Use lower of two values	ng Standard (%NBS) - Seismic Rating s from Step 4.3)		100%
Step 5 - Is <i>%NBS</i> < 34?			NO
Step 6 - Potentially Earthqu	uake Risk (is <i>%NBS</i> < 67)?		NO
Step 7 - Provisional Gradin	g for Seismic Risk based on IEP	Seismic Grad	o
Additional Comments (ite	ns of note affecting IEP based seismic rating)	Seisinic Grad	e

Relationship between Grade and *%NBS*:

Grade:	A+	Α	В	С	D	E
%NBS:	> 100	100 to 80	79 to 67	66 to 34	< 34 to 20	< 20

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for Hutt City Council

Page 7

Street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata	Job No.:	5137964
AKA:		Ву:	RC
Name of building:	Wainuiomata Library	Date:	21/06/2018
City:	Wainuiomata, Wellington	Revision No.:	1

Table IEP-5 Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 8

Step 8 - Identification of potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants

8.1 Number of storeys above ground level

1

8.2 Presence of heavy concrete floors and/or concrete roof? (Y/N)

N

Potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs):

Note: Options that are greyed out are not applicable and need not be considered.

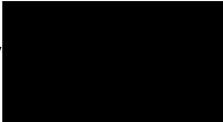
Occupancy not considered to be significant - no further consideration required

Risk not considered to be significant - no further consideration required

The following potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) have been identified in the building that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants:

- 1. None identified
- 2. Weak or soft storey (except top storey)
- 3. Brittle columns and/or beam-column joints the deformations of which are not constrained by other structural elements
- 4. Flat slab buildings with lateral capacity reliant on low ductility slab-to-column connections
- 5. No identifiable connection between primary structure and diaphragms
- 6. Ledge and gap stairs

IEP Assessment Confirmed by



WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for Hutt City Council

Page 1a

Street Number & Name:	Queens Street, Wainuiomata	Job No.:	5137964
AKA:		By:	RC
Name of building:	Wainuiomata Library	Date:	21/06/2018
City:	Wainuiomata, Wellington	Revision No.:	1

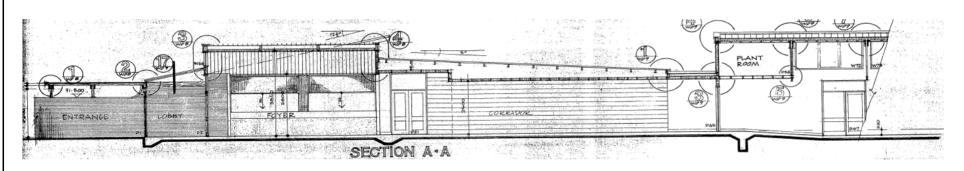
Table IEP-1a Additional Photos and Sketches

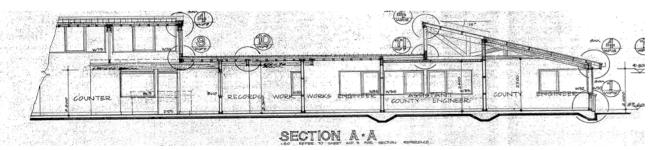
Add any additional photographs, notes or sketches required below:

Note: print this page separately

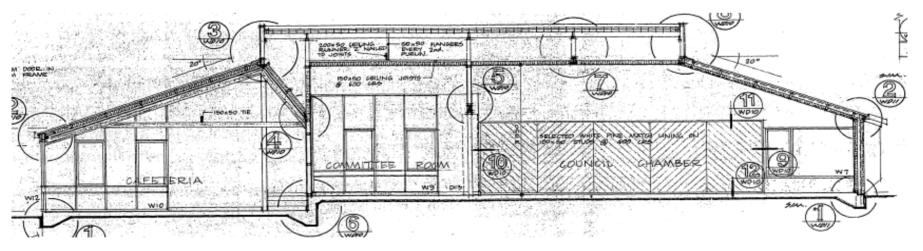


North-east view of building





Longitunal section view



Transverse section view

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